Young Stewards of the Watershed Watersheds Curriculum Overview

Learning Outcomes — Students will be able to;

- Understand key concepts such as "watershed" and "water cycle".
- Identify the key components of a watershed, from headwaters to estuary.
- Understand the factors of water volume, gradient, and sediment load that shape the Fraser, Harrison, and Coquihalla rivers.
- Recognize the importance of water as a renewable resource, and take practical steps to reduce damage to local watersheds.

Pre-Trip — Build vocabulary, establish key concepts, build anticipation.

- Interactive games. The watershed naturalist will deliver an in-class presentation using interactive games to teach watershed concepts.
- Watershed mapping. Students will label and colour a map of their local watershed to build terminology and develop their understanding of local geography.

Fieldtrips — Experiential learning; demonstrate vocabulary and concepts with direct experience.

- Visit a local river. Students will explore the Fraser River and observe the dynamics of water and sediment, erosion and deposition, using a stream table.
- Visit a water bottling plant. Students will visit the Nestlé Waters Canada bottling plant near Hope, to understand how groundwater is harvested and used by people.

Post-Trip – Reinforce vocabulary and key concepts, students investigate further and present their knowledge to the class. These activities are teacher-driven, with support from the naturalist.

- Calculate your daily water use. Chapter 9 of the Science Probe 5 textbook offers an exercise the students can do to analyze their family's water consumption. Data can be presented graphically in a bar graph.
- Investigate water pollution. Students investigate local sources of water pollution and decide what steps they can take at home and school to reduce their impact.
- Visit a sewage treatment plant. Students can investigate where their sewage goes, and what treatment occurs before the sewage enters the Fraser River.







Young Stewards of the Watershed

Watersheds Concepts and Terminology

- Watershed
- Water cycle
- Renewable resource
- Surface runoff
- Freshet
- Hydrograph
- Snowpack
- Headwaters, tributary, confluence, main stem, estuary, alluvial fan
- Sedimentation / erosion / deposition
- Ground water, aquifer, water table
- Leaching
- Soil pollution
- Water pollution
 - Point-source pollution
 - Non-point-source pollution

Grade 5 "Science Probe" Text Book

Chapter 1 — Forces Around Us:

- Force
- Weight / load
- Friction, surface texture
- Slope
- Equilibrium, balanced vs. unbalanced

Chapter 8 — Natural Resources:

- Renewable resources
- Non-renewable resources
- Conservation of resources
- Re-use, recycle, compost

Chapter 9 — Renewable Resources:

- Harvest
- Salmon
- Forests
- Raw material

WATER

- Calculate daily use
- Water cycle
 - evaporation, condensation, precip.
- Surface runoff
- Groundwater
- Watershed
- Leaching
- Soil pollution
- Pollutants
- Water pollution





